

## EXERCISES OF WEEK FOUR

README. The due date for this assignment is Tuesday, October 7th. If you cannot come to class, please, send me the assignment by e-mail by 1pm. Try to do at least four exercises. Please contact me, for any question.

**Exercise 1.** For each of the following differential equation, write a normal form and its domain.

Also, check whether the function is a solution (Sol.) to the corresponding differential equation (Eq.)

- |     |  |                                |
|-----|--|--------------------------------|
| (1) | Sol. : $(e^{2x}, (0, 1))$                | Eq. : $4y''(x) - y(x) = 0$     |
| (2) | Sol. : $(\sqrt{1-x}, [0, 1])$            | Eq. : $2y(x)y'(x) = -1$        |
| (3) | Sol. : $(e^{x^2/2}, (-\infty, +\infty))$ | Eq. : $y'(x)/x = y(x)$         |
| (4) | Sol. : $(x^2, (-\infty, +\infty))$       | Eq. : $y'(x) = 2\sqrt{y(x)}$ . |

**Exercise 2.** Integrate each of the following differential equations

- (5)  $y'(x) = y(x)(1 - y(x))$   
(6)  $y'(x) + 2xy^2(x) = 0$ .

Among the solutions of (5) find at least three solutions with existence interval  $\mathbb{R}$ . Among the solutions of (6) find at least one solution such that the existence interval is not  $\mathbb{R}$ .

**Exercise 3.** Let  $g$  and  $f$  be two derivable Lipschitz functions on the interval  $[0, 1]$ . Is  $fg$  a Lipschitz function?

**Exercise 4.** Let  $y$  be a one-variable function which is 1 on the interval  $(0, 1)$  and 2 on the interval  $(1, 2)$ . Is it Lipschitz?

**Exercise 5.** Check whether each of the following functions are Lipschitz or locally Lipschitz (if it is locally Lipschitz, write explicitly what is  $r$  in  $Q_r(x_0, y_0)$ )

- (7)  $g_1: (0, 1) \times (0, 1) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, \quad g_1(x, y) = \sin(1/x)$   
(8)  $g_2: \mathbb{R} \times [0, 4\pi] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, \quad g_2(x, y) = |\sin y|$   
(9)  $g_3: \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, \quad g_3(x, y) = xy(1 - y)$   
(10)  $g_4: (1, 2) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, \quad g_4(x) = \frac{|x - 1|}{x}$ .

**Exercise 6.** Let  $(y, (0, 1))$  be a solution to the differential equation

$$y'(x) = y(x) \sin y(x)$$

such that  $y(0) = \pi/2$ . Show that  $0 < y(x) < \pi$  for every  $0 \leq x \leq 1$ .